Public Document Pack

Democratic Services Section
Legal and Civic Services Department
Belfast City Council
City Hall
Belfast
BT1 5GS



2nd October, 2019

MEETING OF PEOPLE AND COMMUNITIES COMMITTEE

Dear Alderman/Councillor,

The above-named Committee will meet in the Lavery Room - City Hall on Tuesday, 8th October, 2019 at 5.15 pm, for the transaction of the business noted below.

You are requested to attend.

Yours faithfully,

SUZANNE WYLIE

Chief Executive

AGENDA:

1. Routine Matters

- (a) Apologies
- (b) Minutes

Variation of Minute

That the minutes of the meeting of 10th September are taken as read and signed as correct, subject to the variation to the minute under the heading 'Request for the hire of Botanic Gardens for a series of music events' to note that it was:

Moved by Councillor D. Baker Seconded by Councillor McLaughlin and

Resolved – "That the Committee agrees to grant authority to Aiken Promotions' for the use of the great lawn at Botanic Gardens for a series of music events with attendances under 5,000 persons in the year 2020, to include set up and take down, and that a report would be submitted for the Committee's consideration in relation to any promoter who was seeking to use the Council's Parks for similar events in future years."

(c) Declarations of Interest

2. Matters referred back from Council / Motions

- (a) Alley-Gating Programme (Pages 1 2)
- (b) Anti-Social Behaviour Holylands Area (Report to follow)

3. Committee/Strategic Issues

- (a) Waste Collection Update (Report to follow)
- (b) Local Air Quality Management Update for Belfast (Pages 3 10)

4. **Operational Issues**

- (a) Street Naming (Pages 11 12)
- (b) Update on Grass Cutting at sites not owned by Belfast City Council (Pages 13 16)
- (c) Feasibility of Funding for Cloth Nappy Scheme (Pages 17 20)
- (d) Request for the Use of Lower Botanic Gardens City of Belfast Grand Black Chapter (Pages 21 24)
- (e) Combined Report Request for the Use of Parks (Pages 25 28)
- (f) Request to Plant Trees as part of Queen's Commonwealth Tree Canopy Project (Pages 29 32)
- (g) DAERA Consultation on Invasive Alien Species (IAS) in NI (Pages 33 38)
- (h) Association of Port Health Authorities (APHA) Membership (Pages 39 42)
- (i) Solace/Waste Forum Update (Pages 43 48)

5. <u>Issues Raised in Advance by Members</u>

- (a) Use and Condition of Council Pavilions Deputy Lord Mayor, Councillor McReynolds, to raise
- (b) Porta-Cabin at Wedderburn Park Councillor Graham to raise (Pages 49 50)
- (c) Update on the Pilot Extending Opening Hours in Council Parks Councillor M. Kelly to raise



Agenda Item 2a



Subject:

PEOPLE AND COMMUNITIES COMMITTEE

Date:	Date: 8th October, 2019				
Report	Louise McLornan, Democratic Services Officer				
Contac	ct Officer:	Louise McLornan, Democratic Service	es Officer		
Restric	cted Reports				
Is this	report restricted?		Yes No X		
If	f Yes, when will the	e report become unrestricted?			
	After Committ	tee Decision			
	After Council	Decision			
	Some time in	the future			
	Never				
Call-in					
Is the d	decision eligible fo	r Call-in?	Yes X No		
4.0	D	TIO			
1.0	Purpose of Repo	rt/Summary of Main Issues			
1.1	To bring to the Cor	mmittee's attention a Motion regarding th	ne Alley-Gating Programme, which		
	will be presented t	o the Council at its meeting on 1st Octo	ber.		
2.0	Recommendation	1			
2.1	The Committee is	requested to:			
	 Consider the 	ne Motion and take such action thereon	as may be determined.		
3.0	Main Report				
3.1	Key Issues				
	The following moti	on regarding the Alley-Gating Programr	ne, which will be proposed by		
	Councillor Brooks,	and seconded by Councillor M. Kelly, v	vill be presented to the Council at		
	its meeting on 1st	October:			

Motion - Alley-Gating Programme

3.2	"This Council will undertake a review of the effectiveness of its alley-gating programme to date, and look to build delivery partnerships with other agencies, should internal funding not be available to gate those areas still on waiting list".
	In accordance with Standing Order 13(f), the Motion was referred without discussion to the People and Communities Committee.
3.3	Financial and Resource Implications None.
3.4	Equality or Good Relations Implications None.
4.0	Appendices - Documents Attached
	None

Agenda Item 3b



Х				
Call-in				
the				
Department of Agriculture, Environment and Rural Affairs (DAERA) and the Department for				
. 101				
line				

1.2 This report serves to provide an interim response to the Committee in respect of enhancing the council's current monitoring and reporting of air pollution and regarding the introduction of a Clean Air Zone (CAZ) for Belfast. This interim report has been provided as an update on monitoring and CAZs and in advance of any direct engagement with DAERA or Dfl. 2.0 Recommendations 2.1 The Committee is asked to: Consider the contents of the report and to agree that recommendations regarding the adoption of WHO air quality standards and Clean Air Zone / Low Emission Zone legislation should be formally provided to DAERA and Dfl as part of the council's consultation response to the forthcoming DAERA Air Quality Strategy for Northern Ireland. 3.0 Main report Key Issues. 3.1 Current national statutory obligations in respect of ambient air quality management are broadly established through the requirements of Directive 2008/50/EC on ambient air quality and cleaner air for Europe as well as the 4th Daughter Directive. The 2008 Directive includes detailed requirements for ambient air quality monitoring, monitoring locations and reference monitoring methodologies for sulphur dioxide, nitrogen dioxide, oxides of nitrogen, carbon monoxide, benzene, particulate matter (both PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} fractions), lead and ozone. Limit values for these pollutants have been established with regard to World Health Organisation standards, guidelines and programmes. 3.2 The numerous European ambient air quality management requirements have been transcribed into Northern Ireland legislation via Part III of the Environment (Northern Ireland) Order 2002, the Air Quality Standards Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2010 and supporting statutory policy and guidance. Part III of the Environment (NI) Order 2002 places a duty upon councils to periodically review and assess ambient air quality within their districts in order to determine the likelihood of achieving national air quality objectives by relevant compliance dates. These national objectives are broadly analogous to the various EC limit values detailed within the 2008 Directive. The council conducted its first review and assessment of ambient air quality for the city in 2003 and as a consequence, declared four Air Quality Management Areas (AQMA) in 2004 for exceedences of nitrogen

dioxide and particulate matter objectives. These AQMAs were all declared around arterial

revealed that the exceedences were principally connected with road transport emissions. Since this first review and assessment, the council has developed a series of Air Quality

road transport routes into and out of the city and source apportionment subsequently

Action Plans with partner organisations including DfI, Translink, the Freight Transport Association, the Road Haulage Association and Sustrans. Members will be aware that DfI has responsibility for public transport, roads, road improvement schemes and active travel, etc. The council has also completed a series of further review and assessments, updating and screening assessments and progress reports in order to monitor progress towards achieving the air quality objectives. Particulate matter concentrations have declined over recent years to the extent that only pollutant of present concern is nitrogen dioxide.

- In order to accurately measure compliance with the objectives for nitrogen dioxide, the council has installed a series of real time analysers across the city within our AQMAs and within the city centre at Lombard Street. These real time monitoring sites have been located so as to comply with the requirements of European legislation and the government's local air quality management technical guidance (LAQM.TG(16)). The Lombard Street monitoring site is classified as an urban background site and is therefore not influenced significantly by any single source or road, but rather by the integrated contribution from all sources upwind of the site. This site therefore provides an indication of the underlying levels of air pollution to which residents and workers within the city centre are likely to be exposed. The other monitoring sites for nitrogen dioxide are located within our AQMAs at the Ormeau Road, Upper Newtownards Road, Stockmans Lane and Roden Street. These sites are classified as roadside and are therefore representative of 'worst case' nitrogen dioxide concentrations. It should be noted however, that nitrogen dioxide concentrations are known to drop of rapidly with distance from the kerbside.
- 3.4 These automatic monitors are augmented by a series of around 60 nitrogen dioxide diffusion tubes located at relevant receptor locations across the city. Diffusion tubes are passive samplers consisting of small plastic tubes containing a chemical reagent to absorb the nitrogen dioxide directly from the air. Due to their size, diffusion tubes can be located on the façades of homes and can therefore provide an assessment of nitrogen dioxide concentrations where people live. Automatic analysers have to be located within a special air conditioned enclosure and can therefore only be installed in limited locations. Moreover, diffusion tubes typically cost around £10 per tube whereas a nitrogen dioxide automatic analyser and enclosure may cost upwards of £20,000 to install. Current locations of our diffusion tubes and automatic analysers are summarised in the council's 2019 Progress Report that has recently been technically appraised and accepted by DAERA. As advised previously, all of our diffusion tubes and automatic analysers have been located so as to

take account of the government's Local Air Quality Management Technical Guidance (LAQM.TG(16)).

- 3.5 LAQM.TG(16) highlights that most local authorities have progressively adapted their monitoring strategy in accordance with air quality issues specific to their administrative area. Defra has also advised that over the years, many local authorities have relocated kerbside monitoring sites to roadside or other sites relevant to public exposure. Monitoring networks have also been progressively extended to identify all potential hot spots, whilst a number of sites have been moved elsewhere or closed in areas where data showed continued compliance. Defra has therefore concluded that the existing monitoring network for most local authorities has been appropriately adapted to respond to all LAQM requirements.
- 3.6 Members are advised that this adaption approach has been applied to the council's ambient air quality monitoring. It is considered therefore that the current locations of the automatic analysers are appropriate to assess nitrogen dioxide concentrations within the AQMAs. Additional nitrogen dioxide monitoring data is provided through the use of diffusion tubes both within and outside of the AQMAs. The locations of existing diffusion tubes and the need for additional monitoring are periodically reviewed in light of monitoring data, emerging monitoring trends and any significant changes in road transport conditions across the city.
- 3.7 Members are also advised that the cost of the council's air quality monitoring is presently partly funded via the DAERA local air quality management grant. Monitoring not complying with the government's technical requirements would be unlikely to be funded by DAERA and the purchase, installation, ongoing operation and maintenance costs of additional monitoring equipment would likely have to be fully borne by the council.
- The Notice of Motion also makes mention of the application of more stringent WHO limits. It should be noted that the WHO published air quality guidelines for particulate matter, ozone, nitrogen dioxide and sulphur dioxide via a 2005 global update. The WHO has stated that the 2005 update represents the most current assessment of air pollution health effects, based on an expert evaluation of the scientific evidence. For nitrogen dioxide, the WHO has proposed a 200 gm⁻³ 1-hour mean and a 40 gm⁻³ annual mean; equivalent in concentration to European and national air quality standards. WHO has also recommended a 24-hour mean of 20 gm⁻³ and a 10-minute mean of 500 gm⁻³ for sulphur dioxide

whereas the UK and EC have applied a 15 minute mean of 266 □gm⁻³, a 1-hour mean of 350 □gm⁻³ and a 24-hour mean of 125 □gm⁻³ for sulphur dioxide. There have been no exceedances of any sulphur dioxide standards in Belfast since before 2000. 3.9 The WHO has also advanced an annual mean of 20 □gm⁻³ and a 24-hour mean of 50 □gm⁻¹ ³, assessed as the 99th percentile for PM₁₀ whereas the EC and UK have adopted a 40 □gm⁻³ annual mean and a 24-hour mean of 50 □gm⁻³ assessed as the 90.4th percentile. Annual mean PM₁₀ concentrations measured at the Belfast Centre and Stockmans Lane sites during 2018 were 16 \Box gm⁻³ and 15 \Box gm⁻³ respectively. For PM_{2.5}, the WHO has recommended an annual mean of 10 □gm⁻³ and a 24-hour mean of 25 □gm⁻³, assessed as the 99th percentile. For PM_{2.5}, the UK has adopted an annual target of 25 □gm⁻³ to be achieved by 2020, although this target has not been included by DEARA within council air quality management obligations. However, it is understood that the forthcoming UK Environment Bill 2019 will enshrine World Health Organisation (WHO) limits for particulate matter in UK law It should however, be noted that Belfast City Council monitors PM_{2.5} concentrations at the Belfast Centre Lombard Street site. In 2018, the PM_{2.5} annual mean was 10 □gm⁻³ and the maximum daily mean was 39 □gm⁻³. PM_{2.5} concentrations at Stockmans Lane are likely to be similar. 3.10 In the UK, it has been agreed that responsibility for meeting air quality limit values has been devolved to the national administrations in Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland. Accordingly, it is understood that DAERA will shortly consult upon a Northern Ireland specific Air Quality Strategy. As part of that consultation process, the council will have the opportunity to provide a detailed consultation response, including recommendations for enhanced air quality standards and monitoring, in fulfilment of the requirements of the Notice of Motion. 3.11 In May 2017, government published the Clean Air Zone Framework for England. Whilst this framework applies only in England, similar Low Emission Zone legislation has been introduced in Scotland. Clean Air Zones (CAZs) are designed to deliver immediate action to improve air quality and health with support for cities to grow whilst delivering sustained reductions in pollution and a transition towards a low emission economy. Where the most persistent pollution problems exist, CAZs enable control to be introduced to encourage only the cleanest vehicles to operate within the CAZ. There are two types of CAZ; (i) noncharging – a defined geographic area used as a focus for improving air quality where actions include the use of non-charged based access restrictions such as setting minimum

emission standards, better land use planning, better traffic management, better fleet procurement, working with businesses to recognise and incentivise action and accelerating the transition towards a low carbon economy and accelerating the uptake of Ultra-Low Emission Vehicles; and (ii) charging – zones where, in addition to the above measures, vehicle owners are required to pay a charge to enter, or move within, a zone if they are driving a vehicle that does not meet the particular standard for their vehicle type within that zone.

- 3.12 Within Belfast, the current principal area of concern for nitrogen dioxide remains the M1 Motorway and A12 Westlink corridor to include areas around the Stockmans Lane roundabout and York Street. Members will be aware that this route forms part of the Regional Strategic Transport Network, connecting the M1 Motorway to the M2 and M3 motorways and that DfI has published plans to significantly re-engineer the York Street Interchange to ease congestion.
- 3.13 Where CAZs or LEZs have been introduced in other cities, they have typically either excluded or charged vehicles to enter, based upon the cleanliness of their tailpipe emissions. It is considered that before a CAZ or LEZ could be justified for the M1 Motorway and A12 Westlink corridor, a detailed analysis of the composition of vehicles using the strategic network corridor would have to be undertaken in order to determine whether elevated nitrogen dioxide pollution levels are due to a particular type or Euro class of vehicle or simply due to overall vehicle numbers using this part of the Regional Strategic Transport Network. Moreover, the impact of any vehicle controls to be applied to the M1 Motorway / A12 Westlink corridor would have to be carefully considered in terms of the continuing functionality of the strategic network and in order to ensure that such controls did not simply encourage vehicles to divert through adjacent residential neighbourhoods or through other areas of the city. As highlighted earlier within this report, it is understood that DAERA will shortly consult upon a Northern Ireland specific Air Quality Strategy. It is considered that this consultation exercise will provide an opportunity for the Council to make recommendations to DAERA concerning the need for Clean Air Zone / Low Emission Zone provisions for Belfast and Northern Ireland.

Financial & Resource Implications

3.14 There would be procurement, operational and maintenance costs, as well as staff cost, if the council were to increase its ambient air quality monitoring across the city. As no such

	financial provisions exist within current budgets, monies to cover these additional costs
	would likely have to be generated from ongoing efficiencies within existing budgets.
	Equality or Good Relations Implications / Rural Needs Assessments
3.15	None.
4.0	Appendices – Documents Attached
	• •
	None.
1	



Agenda Item 4a



Subject:

PEOPLE AND COMMUNITIES COMMITTEE

Date:		8 th October 2019	
Reporting	g Officer:	Ian Harper, Building Control Manager	
Contact	Officer:	Roisin Adams, Business Coordinator	
Restricte	ed Reports		
Is this re	port restricted?	Yes	No x
If Y	es, when will the	report become unrestricted?	
	After Committe	ee Decision	
	After Council D	Decision	
	Some time in th	ne future	
	Never	L	
Call-in			
Is the de	cision eligible for	Call-in? Yes x	No
1.0	Purpose of Report	or Summary of main Issues	
1.1	To consider applica	tions for the naming of new streets in the City.	
2.0	Recommendations	5	
		nation presented, the Committee is required to make a re	
i	n respect of applica	ations for naming new streets in the City. The Committee	may either:
	• Grant the an	aplications or	
	•	oplications, or	than names for
	Reluse the consideratio	applications and request that the applicants submit of	
	CONSIDERATIO	11.	

Proposal for naming new streets

3.0	Main report		
3.1	Key Issues		
	The power for the Council to na	me streets is contained in Arti	cle 11 of the Local Governme
	(Miscellaneous Provisions) (NI)) Order 1995.	
3.2	Members are asked to consider the following applications for naming new streets in the City The application particulars are in order and the Royal Mail has no objections to the propose names. The proposed new names are not contained in the Council's Streets Register and		
	do not duplicate existing appro		
	Proposed Name	Location	Applicant
	Northview Lane	Off Northview, BT15	Mayfair Homes NI
	Finaghy Park Gardens	Off Finaghy Park Central,	Alskea Ltd
		BT10	
3.3	Mayfair Homes, have proposed the third choice as the new st proposed McArts Lane for the Fort, which is the remains of a	reet is accessed directly off second choice as the new st	Northview. The developer ha
3.4	Alskea have proposed Finagh second choice as the new st Gardens" relates to the parklan has been proposed as the thir area and he has advised that 'F	reet is located off Finaghy I d and trees associated with th d choice as the contractor ha	Park Central. The suffix "Part re site. Whitefield Park Garder as carried out research into the
3.5	Financial & Resource Implication There are no Financial, Human		r implications in this report.
	Equality or Good Relations Imp	olications/Rural Needs Assess	<u>sment</u>
3.6	There are no direct Equality im	plications.	
4.0	Appendices		
	None		

Agenda Item 4b



Subject	t:	Update on grass cutting at sites not owned by	/ Belfas	t City	Counc	il
Date:		8 th October 2019				
Reporti	oorting Officer: Nigel Grimshaw, Strategic Director of City & Neighbourhood Services				/ices	
Contac	Stephen Leonard, Neighbourhood Services Manager, CNS Department Ontact Officer:					
Restric	eted Reports					
Is this	report restricted?		Yes		No	х
If	f Yes, when will the	report become unrestricted?				
	After Committe	ee Decision				
After Council Decision						
Some time in the future						
	Never					
Call-in						
Is the c	decision eligible for	Call-in?	Yes	Х	No	
1.0	Purpose of Repor	t or Summary of main Issues				
	-	•	4	h I	0040	
1.1	The committee will	recall an update paper presented at the meetin	ig on 4	" June	2019	
1.2	After discussion, th	e Committee:				
	Noted the contact the cont	ontinued actions which were being undertaken	as part	of the	e ongoi	ing
	review of gr	ass cutting arrangements at sites not owned by	the Co	ouncil;		

Agreed that a further report in relation to the review of grass cutting arrangements would be submitted to a future meeting, and Agreed to the inclusion of a site at McKinstry Road within the grass cutting arrangements that the Council currently operated with the Department for Infrastructure and Transport NI. 1.3 This report provides an update for Members and outlines recent work undertaken by officers regarding the potential for sponsorship of roundabouts and verges, in partnership with the Department for Infrastructure and Transport NI. 2.0 Recommendations 2.1 The Committee is asked to: note the update information regarding grass cutting at sites not owned by Belfast City Council, and if Members are content with the initial proposals regarding sponsorship, to endorse officers taking this work forward, with view to a report being brought to the Committee with full details. 3.0 Main report Key Issues 3.1 Members will recall from the June 2019 report that since 2016/2017, the Council has supplemented grass cutting arrangements for the Department for Infrastructure and Transport NI, by providing five cuts per annum at the following sites: Michael Ferguson roundabout; Kingsway Embankment, Dunmurry; Knock dual Carriageway, and Cregagh Road with Knock dual carriageway. 3.2 Members will further be aware that the maintenance of these sites requires financial resources via the departmental budgets.

3.3 In order to identify opportunities for the Council to help defray these costs, officers have undertaken preliminary research into opportunities to generate income via a sponsorship scheme. 3.4 As well as an opportunity to generate additional external funds to supplement existing maintenance budgets, sponsorship schemes can improve the appearance of roundabouts, improve the image of Belfast as a vibrant location for businesses and community groups, and promote the range of businesses already located locally. 3.5 Such schemes are widely used by other Councils, and a number of models for identifying suitable sites, including roundabouts and verges, and initiating such sponsorship schemes, including procurement options, are available. Officers have also met colleagues in the Dfl Roads Service, whose Eastern Division work in partnership with Lisburn and Castlereagh City Council to implement a sponsorship scheme in their council area. 3.6 It is intended that with further benchmarking, and discussion with Dfl Roads Service, a suitable scheme will be identified that could be applied in Belfast. Such a sponsorship scheme will need to be considered in the context of the wider, ongoing corporate initiative to develop a commercial framework and strategy, and officers will ensure that as the potential scheme develops, it will be reviewed by the Council's Commercial Working Group and Commercial Panel. Furthermore, officers will continue to engage with Dfl in order to maximise the allocation of its resources with the Belfast City Council area. Financial and Resource Implications 3.7 The development of a sponsorship scheme for roundabouts and verges provides an opportunity to generate additional external funds to supplement existing maintenance budgets. 3.8 Equality or Good Relations Implications/Rural Needs Assessment There are no equality, good relations or rural needs implications associated with this report. 4.0 **Appendices** None



Agenda Item 4c



Subjec	Feasibility of funding for Cloth Nappy Scheme				
Date:	: 8 th October 2019				
		Nigel Grimshaw, Strategic Director of City & N	Neighbourhood Services		
Report	ing Officer:	Siobhan Toland, Director of City Services			
Contac	ct Officer:	Alison Allen, Neighbourhood Services Manag	jer		
Restric	ted Reports				
Is this	report restricted?		Yes No X		
If	Yes, when will the	report become unrestricted?			
	After Committe	e Decision			
	After Council D				
	Some time in t	ne future			
	Never				
Call-in	Call-in				
Is the c	Is the decision eligible for Call-in?				
1.0	Purpose of Repor	or Summary of main Issues			
1.1		August 2019, Committee agreed that officers v	vould submit a report to a		
	future meeting which	h would consider the feasibility of the Council	providing one additional		
	cloth nappy kit for u	se by Belfast City Council ratepayers.			
1.2	This report outlines	the options available to council to facilitate this	s request in order to		
	address the current	eight week waiting list to access the service w	vithin Belfast.		
2.0	Recommendation	5			
2.1	The Committee is a	sked to:			
2.1			and the the second of the second of		
		establishment of a supplementary agreement	•		
	•	ich will allow the Council to supply an addition			
	company to	be used solely for the benefit of Belfast reside	nts.		
1	İ				

3.0	Main report
3.1	Key Issues The Council has been funding a cloth nappy scheme for four years allowing parents the opportunity to trial the use of cloth nappies and then provide a refund scheme should they wish to continue once the trial has finished.
3.2	The scheme is a two stage process as outlined below
	 Stage 1- parents contact the council expressing a desire to trial cloth nappies. The Councils' service provider will provide a free trial pack to the family (valued at £32). The Council pays this money directly to the service provider.
	Stage 2 – After trialling the nappies, should the family wish to continue with the their use, they can receive a £30 refund insofar as they can prove they have spent over £50 on purchasing cloth nappies, normally by supplying an invoice to the council for verification. It is possible for families to avail of the £30 refund without having to have gone through stage 1.
3.3	The scheme has proved very popular which has resulted in Belfast families having to wait between eight to ten weeks to access the trial outlined in stage 1 and the offer is limited to one child per household.
3.4	Members requested that Officers would explore ways to reduce the waiting times by purchasing an additional trial pack and this has been discussed with the service provider and Council Legal Services. Following the free trial, each kit is returned and reissued to another family, having an additional kit in circulation would therefore alleviate the waiting times.
3.5	It is therefore recommended that a supplementary agreement is put in place with the service provider would include a clause stating that if the council provides direct support in the form of additional Nappy Trial Kit (estimated value £400 per kit) that this should be used exclusively for the benefit of Belfast families.

	Financial & Resource Implications
3.6	The provision of a trial nappy kit would cost approximately £400. This would be additional to the year running cost of £3,000 for the maintenance of the Cloth Nappy Scheme.
3.7	Equality or Good Relations Implications/Rural Needs Assessment There are no equality or good relations or rural need implication in the provision of the service.
4.0	Appendices – Documents Attached
	None



Agenda Item 4d



	Request for the use of Lower Botanic Gardens by the City of Belfast			lfast
Subjec	t:	Grand Black Chapter		
Date:	e: 8 th October 2019			
	Nigel Grimshaw, Strategic Director of City and Neighbourhoods			
Report	ing Officer:	Department		
		Ryan Black, Director of City and Neighbourhoods	Department.	
Contac	et Officer:	Stephen Leonard, Neighbourhood Services Mana	ager, South Bel	lfast
Restric	cted Reports			
Is this	report restricted?	Ye	es No	х
l1	f Yes, when will the	report become unrestricted?		
	After Committe	•		
	After Council I			
	Some time in the future			
	Never			
0.11.1				
Call-in			_	
Is the d	decision eligible for	Call-in? Ye	es X No	
1.0	Purpose of Repor	t or Summary of main Issues		
1.1	City Council Officers have received a request for the City of Belfast Grand Black Chapter to			pter to
	have a family fun day event and a short religious service in lower Botanic Gardens,			
	adjacent to Stranmillis embankment on 28 August 2021 between 12 noon - 6.00pm,			
	following a parade	from City Hall to Botanic Gardens.		
	Members are remir	nded that on 4 June 2019, a Committee report was	provided, outlin	ning a
1.2	request from City o	f Belfast Grand Black Chapter to facilitate the passi	ing through Bo	tanic

Gardens of this parade on 28 August 2021 from City Hall. This parade is to mark the centenary of the formation of Northern Ireland. The parade will pass a number of buildings with a significant relevance to the Centenary, 1.3 including City Hall, Ulster Hall and Union Theological College, Botanic Avenue, which was the building used for the newly formed Northern Ireland Parliament between 1921 -1932 while Stormont was being built. This Committee, on 4 June 2019, provided approval for this parade to pass through Botanic 1.4 Gardens on 28 August 2021 and the decision was ratified by Council at its meeting on 1st July 2019. 2.0 **Recommendation** 2.1 Committee is requested to: provide approval for the City of Belfast Grand Black Chapter to hold an event in Lower Botanic Gardens on 28 August 2021, subject to and on condition that the requestor; resolves all operational issues to the Council's satisfaction and; An appropriate legal agreement is completed, to be prepared by the City Solicitor The promoter meets all the statutory requirements of the Planning and Building Control Service including the terms and conditions of the Park's Entertainment Licence 3.0 Main report Kev Issues 3.1 Since the 4 June 2019, Officers have received a request for the City of Belfast Grand Black Chapter to include a family fun day event in Lower Botanic Gardens, adjacent to Stranmillis Embankment on 28 August 2021 between 12 noon - 7.00pm, following a parade from City Hall to Botanic Gardens. The parade has already received Committee and Council approval. See appendix A (People and Communities Committee 4 June 2019, agenda 7i) 3.2 The event will include the following: Markets stalls Food vendors Inflatables Religious service Stewarding Fun rides

	Live music.
3.3	There will be no sale of alcohol at this event.
3.4	The organisers are anticipating a figure of 5000 participants during the event. It will be a requirement of the License agreement that the organisers liaise with Queens University PE centre and local communities to minimise any impact the event may incur in the surrounding area.
3.5	Financial & Resource Implications There may be a requirement to have additional staff on site to facilitate this event and if so then costs will be charged to the event organiser. The requester will also be required to provide a £15,000.00 reinstatement bond.
3.6	Equality or Good Relations Implications/Rural Needs Assessments No equality or Good Relations implications have been identified, however, this is being monitored on an ongoing basis
4.0	Documents Attached
	None.



Agenda Item 4e



Subjec	t:	Requests for The Use of Falls Park, Victoria	Park & CS Lewis Square	
Date:		8 th October 2019		
Report	ing Officer:	Ryan Black, Director of Neighbourhood Serv	rices	
Contact Officer: Alison Allen, Neighbourhood Services Manager			ger	
Restric	ted Reports			
Is this	report restricted?		Yes No X	
If Yes, when will the report become unrestricted?				
	After Committee Decision			
	After Council D			
	Some time in the	ne future		
	Never			
Call-in				
Is the c	Is the decision eligible for Call-in?			
1.0	Purpose of Report	or Summary of Main Issues		
1.1	The purpose of this	s report is to seek approval from Members to	host events in our parks,	
	namely:			
	Request for E	Both Lives Matter to hold a 'Both Lives Matter D	Demonstration' at	
	Falls Park on	Sunday 13 October 2019.		
	Request for November 20	MACS NI to hold a Sleep Out event at Victo	oria Park on Thursday 14	
	Request for S 24 January 29	Street Soccer NI to hold a Sleep Out event at C 019.	S Lewis Square on Friday	

	Both Sleep Out events will take place outside normal park opening hours and will require the		
	closure of part of the facility.		
2.0	Recommendations		
2.1	The Committee is asked to: • Grant authority for these events to take place at these locations by these organisations;		
	Grant authority for any subsequent, annual charity Sleep Out events at these locations by these organisations; and		
	 Authorise the Strategic Director of City and Neighbourhood Services to approve the 'Both Lives Matter Demonstration' under the Council scheme of delegation, due to the late application with the event taking place before the Committee decision can be ratified at the November meeting of Council; 		
	 For each event. grant authority to the Strategic Director of City and Neighbourhood Services subject to satisfactory terms being agreed and on condition that the Event Organiser: 		
	 completes the appropriate Event Management Plans; resolves all operational issues to the Council's satisfaction; meets all statutory requirements including Public Liability Insurance cover, Health and Safety, and licensing responsibilities; and shall consult with adjoining public bodies and local communities, as necessary. 		
3.0	Main report		
3.1	Request for Both Lives Matter to hold a 'Both Lives Matter Demonstration' at Falls Park.		
	 A request has been received week commencing 23rd September 2019 from Both Lives Matter to hold a 'Both Lives Matter Demonstration' at Falls Park on Sunday 13 October 2019 from 3 - 6pm 		

- O Both Lives Matter has four primary aims: to reframe the abortion debate in Northern Ireland and beyond; to advocate for better care in pregnancy crisis; to create a life-affirming culture that values each woman and her unborn child; and to safeguard the current law which protects both women and unborn children.
- The purpose of the event is to have a cross-community, inter-generational, peaceful protest march against the proposed imposition of liberalised abortion laws on Northern Ireland. There will be no charge to participants.

Request for MACS NI to hold a Sleep Out event at Victoria Park in the Connswater Community Greenway Marquee.

- A request has been received from MACS NI, an organisation that provides a range of support services for children and young people in Northern Ireland who haven't had a fair deal in relation to housing, homelessness, mental health and participation, to hold a Sleep Out event at Victoria Park on Thursday 14 November 2019 in the Connswater Community Greenway marquee. Set up of the event will take place at 2pm and it will be dismantled by 10am on Friday 15 November 2019.
- MACS NI is part of a national campaign with other charities across the UK to end homelessness. This Sleep Out event will raise awareness and funds for vulnerable young people who are homeless or at risk of becoming homeless.
- The event will not have an admission charge, registration will be done on site and online. The charity will be collecting donations during the event.
- The event will include food vendors, live music and street entertainment. The
 event organiser will provide marquees/gazebos, stewards, toilets and will
 arrange pitch hire and electricity for their event.

Request for Street Soccer NI to hold a Sleep Out event at CS Lewis Square.

- A request has been received from Street Soccer NI to hold a Sleep Out event at CS Lewis Square on Friday 24 January 2020. Set up of the event will take place at 5pm and it will be dismantled by 12 noon on Saturday 25 January 2020.
- Street Soccer NI tackles homelessness through providing employment and housing support, built around football activities and working with some of our societies' most excluded and vulnerable people. This event will raise awareness of homelessness by getting participants to experience sleeping out, whilst raising sponsorship for the charity.

	 The event will have an admission charge of £20 and registration will be completed 			
	online. The charity will be collecting donations during the event.			
	o The event will include football matches and the event organiser will provide			
	marquees/ gazebos and toilets. Caterers will provide breakfast in the morning, for			
	participants.			
	participante.			
3.2	Financial & Resource Implications			
	There are no financial or resource implications.			
0.0	Asset and Other Implications			
3.3				
	Council Officers will liaise with the organisers in relation to the potential environmental			
	impact of these events.			
3.4	Equality or Good Relations Implications/Rural Needs Assessment			
	Equality and Good Relations Implications/Rural Needs Assessment will be considered by			
	Officers for each of the events in line with the Council processes.			
4.0	Appendices – Documents Attached			
	None			

Agenda Item 4f



		Request to plant trees as part of the Queen's	Comm	onwe	alth Tr	ee
Subjec	:t:	Canopy Project – future policy for such reques	sts			
Date:		8 th October 2019				
		Nigel Grimshaw, Strategic Director of City & N	leighbo	ourho	od Ser	vices
Report	ting Officer:	Department				
Contac	ct Officer:	Ryan Black, Director of City and Neighbourho	od Ser	vices		
Paetric	eted Reports					
Kesuic	teu Keports					
Is this report restricted?		Yes		No	X	
If	Yes, when will the	report become unrestricted?				
	After Committe	a Decision				
	After Council D					
	Some time in the					
	Never					
Call-in						
Is the c	Is the decision eligible for Call-in?					
1.0	Purpose of Report	or Summary of main Issues				
1.1	At the People and (Communities Committee meeting on 12 th Febru	ıarv 20	19. th	e Com	mittee
	•	request received by Officers from Emma Little	•	•		
		ncil land as part of the Queens Commonwealth	•		-	
		•				•
		scussed. The Committee agreed to defer cons				
	_	be submitted to a future meeting which would	detail a	any po	olicy to	r sucn
	requests.					
1.2	At its meeting on	4th June 2019, the People and Communities	s Com	mittee	e agre	ed the
	proposed policy po	sition for future tree planting requests within F	arks a	and O	pen S	paces,

	which marked significant occasions and events, and to defer consideration of a request submitted by Emma Little Pengelly MP, to plant five small trees to mark Her Majesty the Queens' Commonwealth Tree Canopy Project, for discussion at the Party Group Leaders meeting.
1.3	At the meeting of the Party Group Leaders on 26 th September 2019, it was agreed that the request submitted by Emma Little Pengelly MP be resubmitted to the People and Communities meeting for consideration.
2.0	Recommendations
2.1	The Committee is asked to; • accede to the request submitted by Emma Little Pengelly MP, to plant five small trees to mark Her Majesty the Queens Commonwealth Tree Canopy Project.
3.0	Main report
	Key Issues
3.1	Officers received a request from Emma Little Pengelly MP to plant five small trees on Council land as part of Her Majesty the Queens Commonwealth Tree Canopy Project back in March 2019. The Committee agreed to defer consideration of the matter to enable a report to be submitted to a future meeting which would detail any policy for such requests.
3.2	At its meeting on 4 th June 2019, the Committee approved the proposed policy and deferred its decision to accede to Emma Little Pengelly's request for discussion at a future meeting of the Party Group Leaders' Forum. The request was discussed by the Forum at its meeting on 26 th September 2019 where it was decided that it would be further presented to the People and Communities Committee for consideration.
3.3	Officers within City and Neighbourhood Services will access each tree planting request received by individuals or external organisations and ensure any tree planting request fits into existing tree management plans within Council properties and make recommendations to Committee.
3.4	Permission for tree planting requests may be granted by the People and Communities Committee based on a request by request basis with the assistance of any supporting Arboricultural information put forward by Council Officers.

3.5	Financial & Resource Implications		
	There are no Financial or Human Resource implications other than officer time.		
3.6	Equality or Good Relations Implications /Rural Needs Assessments		
	There are no known equality or good relation issues associated with this report.		
4.0	Appendices – Documents Attached		
	None.		



Agenda Item 4g



PEOPLE AND COMMUNITIES COMMITTEE

Subject:	DEARA Consultation on Invasive Alien Sp Ireland	pecies (IAS) in Northern	
Date: Reporting Officer:	8 th October 2019 Nigel Grimshaw, Strategic Director of City Services	and Neighbourhood	
Contact Officer:	Orla Maguire, Biodiversity Officer		
Restricted Reports			
Is this report restricted?		Yes No x	
If Yes, when will the	e report become unrestricted?		
After Council	After Committee Decision After Council Decision Some time in the future Never		
Call-in			
Is the decision eligible fo	r Call-in?	Yes X No	
	rt or Summary of main Issues	enartment of Agriculture	
''	The purpose of this report is to make Members aware of the Department of Agriculture, Environment and Rural Affairs (DAERA) consultation in relation to the Management		
	measures for widely spread Invasive Alien Species (IAS) in Northern Ireland and to seek		
Members' approva	I of the Council's draft response. The consu	ultation response closes on	
23 rd October 2019			
2.0 Recommendation	ns		
2.1 Members are aske	ed to;		

 consider the draft response as set out in Appendix 1 and approve its submission to DAERA, subject to any comments or amendment provided, with the proviso that the response is subject to full Council approval at its meeting on 4th November 2019.

3.0 Main report

Key Issues

- On the 11th September 2019, DAERA launched a six week consultation in relation to the *Management measures for widely spread Invasive Alien Species (IAS) in Northern Ireland*". The purpose of this consultation is to obtain views on the management measures being considered by DAERA for species of Union concern which are widely spread in Northern Ireland. The consultation document is available at https://www.daera-ni.gov.uk/consultations.
- Regulation (EU) No. 1143/2014 on the prevention and management of the introduction and spread of invasive alien species came into force on 1 January 2015. It imposes strict restrictions on a list of species known as 'species of Union concern'. These are species whose potential adverse impacts across the European Union are such that concerted action across Europe is required. The restrictions mean that (subject to certain defences, or exemptions through permits or licences) species of Union concern cannot be imported into the EU, kept, bred, transported, placed on the market, used or exchanged, allowed to reproduce, grown or cultivated, or released into the environment. There are currently 66 species on the Union list: 30 animals and 36 plants.
- Ten species of Union concern that have been identified as being widely spread in Northern Ireland. For these widely spread species, the Regulation requires effective management measures to be put in place, so that their impact on biodiversity, the related ecosystem services and, where applicable, human health or the economy are minimised. Management measures consist of lethal or non-lethal physical, chemical or biological actions aimed at the eradication, population control or containment of a population of widely spread species.
- The 10 species identified are

<u>Plants</u>

Nuttall's waterweed (Elodea nuttallii),

Chilean rhubarb (Gunnera tinctoria),

Giant hogweed (Heracleum mantegazzianum),

Himalayan balsam (Impatiens glandulifera),

Curly waterweed (Lagarosiphon major),

American skunk cabbage (Lysichiton americanus),

Parrot's feather (Myriophyllum aquaticum).

Animals

Grey squirrel (Sciurus carolinensis),

all subspecies of (Trachemys scripta) otherwise known as "slider terrapins" & New Zealand Flatworm (Arturdendvus triangulates)

- 3.5 Belfast City Council in principle, supports the management measures focussed on reducing the impact that the 10 widely spread species of Union concern have on native biodiversity and ecosystem services as well as their wider socio-economic impacts.
- 3.6 The Council welcomes a strategic approach but considers that it is not possible to provide specific comments as the document outlines a range of options/approaches such as control to eradication for the 10 species listed. Naturally management measures will depend on the local circumstances however BCC considers clarification is needed at the local level to identify impacts and costs for each of the listed species.
- 3.7 A copy of the draft response is included as Appendix 1 but in summary the council suggests the following should be completed to assist with the implementation of this legislation and to maximise efforts to control IAS across NI.
 - Special criteria should be developed to determine the approach taken ie control or eradication at a local level. It is not possible to comment on specific species given that criteria has not been provided to assess the level or type of action/approach likely to be taken for each species. In addition is DAERA the Competent Authority which determines the approach?
 - The criteria should be unambiguous and evidence based to ensure consistent approaches across NI.
 - Monitoring of actions should also be undertaken to ascertain effectiveness and plan for future action.
 - The resource implication for Council and other land owners would need to be determined and subsequently resourced. Funding should be provided to key stakeholders to enable additional action on the control of IAS.
 - The provision of advice and guidance is essential. Currently there is a lack of guidance from the Department on control options. Costed Case studies and best

	practice should be developed to enable effective action. This is particularly relevant
	for the widespread aquatic species listed.
3.8	BCC would welcome further engagement with DAERA to clarify and assess specific implications of this legislation for Belfast.
3.9	Financial & Resource Implications
	There are none with this report. However, dependent on the approach/level of action
	deemed necessary by DAERA there may be limited or significant resource implications for
	the council.
3.10	Equality or Good Relations Implications/Rural Needs Assessment
	There are none with this report.
4.0	Appendices
7.0	Appendices
	Appendix 1 – Draft Consultation Response on "Management measures for widely spread
	Invasive Alien Species (IAS) in Northern Ireland".

Belfast City Council Response to Management measures for widely spread Invasive Alien Species (IAS) in Northern Ireland

Introduction

Belfast City Council (BCC) welcomes the opportunity to comment on the management measures being considered by DAERA for species of Union concern which are widely spread in Northern Ireland pursuant to Article 19 of Regulation (EU) No. 1143/2014.

Protection of biodiversity is key to Council policies including the Belfast Local Biodiversity Plan and the Local Development Plan. Biodiversity provides numerous ecosystem services such as water purification, carbon storage and flood protection. Many of these services are under threat.

Invasive Alien Species are widely acknowledged as the second biggest threat to biodiversity loss worldwide. This threat is likely to increase in the future unless robust action is taken at all levels to control the introduction and establishment of these species and address those already introduced. The impacts of IAS are far reaching from disrupting ecosystem services to threatening economic interests. Consequently the Council would welcome additional legislation and action on the control of IAS, supported by the appropriate identification of additional resources.

Comments on Consultation Document

Belfast City Council in principle, supports the management measures focussed on reducing the impact that the 10 widely spread species of Union concern have on native biodiversity and ecosystem services as well as their wider socio-economic impacts.

The Council welcomes a strategic approach but considers it is not possible to provide specific comments as the document outlines a range of options/approaches such as control or eradication for the 10 species listed. Naturally management measures will depend on the local circumstances however BCC considers clarification is needed at the local level to identify impacts and costs for each of the listed species.

The council suggests the following should be completed to assist with the implementation of this legislation and to maximise efforts to control IAS across NI.

- Criteria should be developed to determine the approach taken ie control or eradication at a local level. It is not possible to comment on specific species given that criteria has not been provided to assess the level or type of action/approach likely to be taken for each species. In addition is DAERA the Competent Authority which determines the approach?
- The criteria should be unambiguous and evidence based to ensure consistent approaches across NI.
- Monitoring of actions should also be undertaken to ascertain effectiveness and plan for future action.
- Funding should be provided to key stakeholders to enable additional action on the control of IAS.
- The provision of advice and guidance is essential. Currently there is a lack of guidance from the Department on control options. Costed case studies and best practice should be developed to enable effective action. This is particularly relevant for the widespread aquatic species listed.

BCC would welcome further engagement with DAERA to clarify and assess specific implications of this legislation for Belfast.



Agenda Item 4h



PEOPLE & COMMUNITIES COMMITTEE

Subject	t:	Association of Port Health Authorities				
Date:		8 October 2019				
Date.		0 0000001 2010				
Reporti	ing Officer:	Nigel Grimshaw, Strategic Director City & Ne	ighbour	rhood	Servic	es
Contac	t Officer:	Damian Connolly- City Protection Manager				
Restric	ted Reports					
Is this	report restricted?		Yes		No	х
If	Yes, when will the	report become unrestricted?				
	After Committe	ee Decision				
	After Council I					
	Some time in t	he future				
	Never					
Call-in						
Is the d	lecision eligible for	Call-in?	Yes		No	
1.0	•	t or Summary of main Issues				
1.1	Councillor Heading	was nominated by the Council to the Board of	the As	sociati	on of	Port
	Health Authorities (APHA). His term on the board is due to end at	the AG	M on	the 7 th	1
	November 2019 an	d APHA are currently seeking nominations for	the nex	kt two <u>y</u>	year te	erm.
1.2	Members are asked	d to note the nomination of Cllr Heading to the	Executi	ive Bo	ard fo	ra
	further 2 year term.				🗸 . 0	. -
	752.13.13.					

2.0	Recommendations
2.1	Members are asked to;
	note the nomination of Cllr Heading to the Association of Board Health Authorities
	Executive Board for a further two year term of office and authorise the expenditure
	associated with his attendance at Board meetings.
3.0	Main report
3.1	Key Issues
	The Association of Port Health Authorities (APHA) is a UK wide organisation representing
	the interests of Local Authorities and Port Health Authorities which have responsibilities for
	public, animal and environmental health controls at sea and airports.
3.2	Belfast City Council, is a corporate member of the Association and previously Councillor
	Jeffrey Dudgeon was nominated by the Council on to the APHA Executive Board.
	Following the Local Government elections in 2019 it was agreed, using the Saint Lague
	methodology, that Councillor Brian Heading would replace Cllr Dudgeon on the Board.
3.3	The APHA Executive Board is comprised of eight regional representatives; the term of
	office is for two years but, in order to ensure continuity, half of the posts are appointed each
	year at the AGM, which, this year, is on the 7th November.
3.4	Cllr Heading's term in office is due to end at the AGM on the 7 th November and APHA are
	currently seeking nominations from Northern Ireland members.
3.5	It should be noted that, whilst appointments to the Board are sought every two years, the
	Council's policy on appointments to outside bodies is for the Council term. Therefore, in
	adhering to those principles, the Committee is asked to note Cllr Heading's reappointment
	to the Board for a new term.
3.6	Board meetings are normally held three times per annum at the offices of the Association in
0.0	Walbrook Wharf, London and normally last approximately three hours.
3.7	Financial & Resource Implications
0.,	The anticipated costs are travel and subsistence and these are provided for within existing
	budget allocation

3.8	Equality or Good Relations Implications/Rural Needs Assessment	
	None	
4.0	Appendices – Documents attached	
	None	



Agenda Item 4i



Subject:

PEOPLE AND COMMUNITIES COMMITTEE

Date:		8 October 2019		
Reporti	ing Officer:	Nigel Grimshaw, Strategic Director of City & I	Neighbourhood Serv	vices
		Siobhan Toland, Director of City Services	Q. ([]()	
Contac	et Officer:	John McConnell, City Services Manager (Res	sources & Fleet)	
Restric	ted Reports			
Is this report restricted?			х	
If	Yes, when will the	report become unrestricted?		
	After Committe	e Decision		
	After Council D	Decision		
	Some time in t	ne future		
	Never			
Call-in				
Is the c	decision eligible for	Call-in?	Yes X No	
4.0	D	Output of marin lands		
1.0	Purpose of Report	or Summary of main Issues		
1.1	To provide an upda	te to Members on the progress made by SoLA	CE in conjunction w	ith a
	Waste Forum made	e up of TAG (NI) officers, supported by NILGA,	in assessing counc	ils
	needs in terms of c	ollaborating on waste and related Services. Th	his a work in progres	ss, but
		Nembers are aware of this emergent collective	. •	
	undertaken by the	•	3	
	and ortanom by the	Traditional.		
2.0	Recommendation	5		
2.1	The Committee is a	sked to note;		
	 the update 	and agree to the resource recommendations.		
·				·

SoLACE/Waste Forum Update

3.0	Main report
3.1	 Background Prior to the RPA (Review of Public Administration) in 2015, the councils were organised into three voluntary Waste Management Groups; 1. arc21 (11 x councils) 2. NWRWMG (North West Region Waste Management Group) (7 x councils) 3. SWaMP2008 (Southern Waste Management Partnership) (8 x councils)
3.2	Each group operated through a Joint Committee, albeit on a slightly different basis whereby arc21 and SWaMP2008 were incorporated corporate bodies, whilst the NWRWMG was unincorporated. SWaMP2008 was dissolved in 2015. Arc21 can award contracts as a separate entity and hold assets, while SWaMP2008 did not enter into direct contract award. Similarly, the NWRWMG facilitated joint procurement across its councils (with Derry City Council as lead council), third-party contract awards were made through the individual councils.
3.3	The principle objective of the three Groups was to work collectively for their partner councils and others to develop three Waste Management Plans and deliver the various recycling and landfill diversion targets set out in European and domestic legislation.
3.4	Since RPA the picture has fragmented. Currently, there are two Waste Management Groups: > arc21 representing Belfast City, Ards & North Down, Mid & East Antrim, Antrim & Newtownabbey, Newry Mourne & Down and Lisburn & Castlereagh City > NWRWMG representing Derry City & Strabane and Causeway & Glens
3.5	The three remaining councils (Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon, Fermanagh & Omagh and Mid Ulster), sometimes referred to "NI Other", are not part of any Waste Management Group although they have worked together and produced a Joint Waste Management Plan.
3.6	These arrangements, however, are not seen as sustainable in the longer term. As a consequence, SoLACE NI (Society of Local Authority Chief Executives) requested that through the Technical Advisors Group (NI) (Local Government Technical Advisors Group), the councils review the current set-up with a view to making proposals for future arrangements. TAG subsequently established a Waste Forum. The timing is apt as reviews of DAERA's "Delivering Resource Efficiency - Northern Ireland Waste Management Strategy" and councils' Waste Management Plans are scheduled for the near

future. Organisational changes within the Waste Management Groups also reinforce the need for a strategic review of current arrangements.

- 3.7 Given the increasing demands on councils to improve recycling quantity and quality to deliver government targets, develop the Circular Economy, while reducing dependency on landfill, achieving these goals would be enhanced through greater collaboration between councils.
- 3.8 Members should be aware that NI councils spend in the region of 25-35% of their revenue budget on waste and related environmental services.

3.9 Main Report

Following on from a workshop involving both Chief Executives and senior officers from the eleven Councils in October 2018, TAG (NI) were requested to take forward a Strategic Review of the current arrangements for collaboration between councils for waste and related services.

- Following the establishment of the Waste Forum drawing upon senior officer representation from the eleven councils, a specification was developed and agreed for an independent organisation to undertake a review the current arrangements and develop options for potential future structures and governance arrangements (see Appendix 1).
- 3.11 At its September 2019 meeting, the Specification was signed off by SoLACE NI. Given the need to engage an experienced organisation to carry out this review, it was agreed that the Strategic Investment Board (SIB) should be appointed to undertake this work as they have the necessary skills and experience having worked with many councils and the Waste Management Groups, and are public sector providers.
- 3.12 SIB's engagement is carried out in accordance with and for the purposes described in The Strategic Investment & Regeneration of Sites (NI) Order 2003 namely the exercise of strategic investment functions in relation to the Executive and bodies carrying out major investment projects.
- 3.13 Members should be aware that the review officially commenced with a workshop on 13 September. It is anticipated that the final report will be available in early 2020 and,

	following approval by SoLACE NI, the outcome will be reported to councils for their consideration.
3.14	Financial & Resource Implications The fee to support the delivery of the SIB report will be approximately £2,200 per council. This is being supported as part of our waste framework development and within existing budgets. There will also be officer time required to support the process and through the Waste Forum.
3.15	Equality / Good Relations Implications / Rural Needs Assessment None
4.0	Appendices – Documents attached
	Appendix 1: Outline Specification for a Strategic Review of NI Council Waste Management Arrangements

APPENDIX 1

Outline Specification for a Strategic Review of NI Council Waste Management Arrangements

Objective

The Objective of this Review is to provide the Council Waste Forum with recommendations for SoLACE NI regarding improving collaboration of the current waste related services' management arrangements between the eleven Councils in Northern Ireland and how these could be structured to enable enhanced service delivery and efficiencies in the future.

An important aspect of the Review will be to make proposals in relation to both the operational management arrangements across the eleven Councils, and the preferred Governance framework which could support these. In addition, the range of services that could fall within the scope of such arrangements. The following non-exclusive list provides an indication of what could be included within the scope of mutual collaboration between the Councils:

- Health and Safety
- Waste management planning
- Procurement facilitation
- Contract management services
- > Awareness & Communications
- Representation/Consultation Responses
- Providing policy advice
- Operating waste facilities

As a consequence, and in line with the formal/informal structures that currently exist across the eleven Councils, a NI Council Waste Forum has been established with senior officer representatives from each Council to contribute to the review. There is consensus within the Waste Forum that increased collaboration is essential to deliver "joined up" waste management services across the Councils. The Forum has been considering the most appropriate mechanism to carry out such a review with the recommendation being that this is best performed objectively by a third party.

The Specification therefore represented the enabling document for a fee proposal to deliver the review from the Strategic Investment Board.

Input

The Key Inputs are embodied in the people currently involved in the management of waste related services for the eleven Councils, the current Waste Management Groups, the Council Chief Executives, through SoLACE NI, NILGA and the NIEA/DAERA as the regulator.

Processes

- 1. Following the project initiation meeting and desktop review of available literature, the following information should be included in the fee proposal:
- 2. A desktop review of the current governance arrangements across Councils and examples of successful alternative operational structures and governance arrangements.
- An initial Workshop with the key Council Officers (Council Waste Forum) to develop SWOT and PESTEL analysis to inform both the current position and consider the benefits and areas for improvement of the existing arrangements from the Councils which will inform any preferred option.

- 4. Individual structured and confidential Interviews with the key stakeholders to ascertain their views both at a personal and organisational level.
- 5. Develop a range of Options with a preferred option based on the application of an objective scoring methodology across a range of selection criteria.
- 6. A further Workshop with the Council Waste Forum to consider the options and agree the list and weightings of the option selection criteria.
- 7. Present the Draft Report to the Council Waste Forum and allow time for any final revisions in relation to the Final Report.

Output

- 1. The principle output will be a report identifying the most appropriate inter-Council working arrangements to deliver enhanced collaboration between the Councils. The options appraisal, including consideration of the status quo, should achieve the stated Objective as set out in 1.1 above.
- 2. The report should also include proposals in relation to the scope of the services that could be included in any preferred option management arrangements.
- 3. Furthermore, based on the preferred option, the report should recommend appropriate Governance models to enable delivery of increased/enhanced collaboration between Councils.

Members should be further aware that Councils will be required to revise and review their Waste Management Plans in 2020. As noted above there are currently three Waste Management Plans covering the 11 NI District Councils. There are clearly benefits both in terms of procuring the necessary consultancy support and developing common approaches to achieving the future recycling and landfill diversion targets in producing a Joint Waste Management Plan between the 11 Councils. The Plan would contain both Common Sections and be tailored to the pre-requisites of individual Councils. The process of preparing the Joint Plan would in itself represent a high level of Council collaboration.

In addition, there are ongoing opportunities involving groups of Councils on a project by project basis for further collaboration even in the short term. For example; in terms of education and awareness there exists an ideal opportunity to increase and improve the consistency and impact of the 'message' with the public.

Agenda Item 5b

Finaghy Football Club
Erinvale
Finaghy
Belfast
BT10 0FW
25 th September 2019
Parks & Leisure
Belfast City Council
Belfast
Dear Sirs
Wedderburn Park
We are writing to request permission for a Portacabin at Wedderburn Park. With the hope of entering into a lease agreement with BCC
This Portacabin would be fully funded by our own Club, Finaghy FC & insured by us.
We would hope that BCC would work with us and help us arrange utilities ie drainage, water & electricity.
The Portacabin is 20 ft by 10 ft and will only be used between the hours of 11am – 6pm on Home Game Match Days for serving tea, refreshments, storing equipment, kit washing and committee & team meetings. We are open to allow groups of the community to avail of these facilities also should the need arise or demand be there.
Yours faithfully
Chairman

